

Complementary and alternative therapies

Of 3,467 breast cancer patients, 1,162 (33.5%) were treated with complementary and alternative therapies. Of these, 84.9% received adjuvant therapy. Major types of alternative therapies were Chinese medicine (67.7%) and health food (41.1%) (Figure 2.4.13).

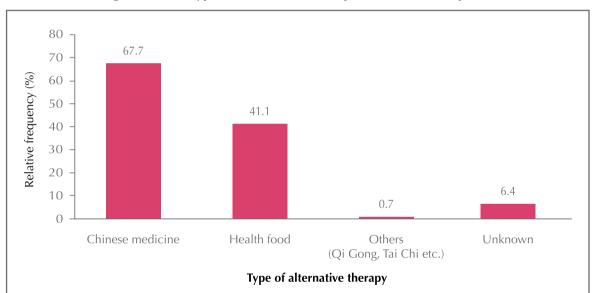


Figure 2.4.13 Types of alternative therapies used in 1,162 patients

2.5 Patient status

As of April 2011, a total of 3,375 surviving breast cancer patients had been observed for an average period of 3 years. Of 3,370 patients, 88 (2.6%) had locoregional recurrences with a mean time to locoregional recurrence of 4.6 years. The most common site was the breast (45.5% or 40 cases); 91 (2.7%) patients had distant recurrences with a mean time to distant recurrence of 4.2 years and the most common site was in patients' bones (48.4% or 44 cases) (Table 2.5.1).



Table 2.5.1 Follow-up of 3,375 subjects

| | Number (%) |
|--|--------------------------|
| Follow-up period (N=3,375) | |
| < 1 year | 299 (8.9) |
| 1-2 years | 1,342 (39.8) |
| 2-5 years | 1,137 (33.7) |
| 5-10 years | 445 (13.2) |
| 10-15 years | 101 (3.0) |
| >15 years | 46 (1.4) |
| Unknown | 5 (0.1) |
| Mean follow-up period | 3.0 years |
| Median follow-up period | 2.1 years |
| Range (years) | 0.1 – 15.0 year s |
| Locoregional recurrence | |
| No. of locoregional recurrences | 88 (2.6) |
| Mean time to locoregional recurrence | 4.6 years |
| Median time to locoregional recurrence | 3.4 years |
| Range (years) | 0.4 – 12.8 years |
| Sites involved | , |
| Breast | 40 (45.5) |
| Skin | 3 (3.4) |
| Chest wall | 23 (26.1) |
| Axilla | 16 (18.2) |
| Supraclavicular | 19 (21.6) |
| Internal mammary | 6 (6.8) |
| Others | 5 (5.7) |
| Distant recurrence | |
| No. of distant recurrences | 91 (2.7) |
| Mean time to distant recurrence | 4.2 years |
| Median time to distant recurrence | 3.6 years |
| Range | 0.2 – 13.5 years |
| Distant organ involved | |
| Mediastinal | 9 (9.9) |
| Cervical lymph | 2 (2.2) |
| Bone | 44 (48.4) |
| Liver | 18 (19.8) |
| Lung | 32 (35.2) |
| Brain | 12 (13.2) |
| Others | 12 (13.2) |
| Mortality | |
| No. of deaths from breast cancer | 7 (0.2) |
| No. of deaths from unrelated causes | 3 (0.09) |



Seven patients (0.2%) of the patient cohort died from breast cancer during the follow-up period; their mean survival time was 3 years from their initial diagnosis (Table 2.5.2).

Table 2.5.2 Characteristics of breast cancer-specific deaths

| Table 21512 Characteristics of preast carried specific deaths | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Case | Cancer stage | Age at diagnosis | Relative survival time (years) | Distant organs involved | Molecular subtype |
| 1 | I | 34 | 8.9 | Liver, lung, and uterus | ER+PR-HER2+ |
| 2 | IIA | 44 | 2.3 | Lung | ER-PR-HER2+ |
| 3 | IIIA | 40 | 1.5 | Bone and lung | ER+PR+HER2+ |
| 4 | IIIA | 46 | 3.2 | Bone and brain | ER+PR-HER2+ |
| 5 | IIIC | 43 | 0.8 | Bone and lung | ER+PR+HER2+ |
| 6 | IIIC | 36 | 1.6 | Bone and lung | ER-PR-HER2- |
| 7 | IV | 56 | 3.3 | Bone and lung | ER+PR+HER2+ |